### 1.2 Introduction to Transformations

You learned this once in middle school, but that was like a million years ago.

## Transformations

A transformation is a change in the location or size of a figure.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Rigid Motions

A rigid motion is a transformation where the lengths of the sides and the angles of the figure stay the same


Pre image
(before transformation)


Image
(after transformation)

Is this an example of a rigid motion?

Yes, a $\qquad$ is a rigid motion because
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Independent Practice

In each example, identify the transformation and state if it is a rigid motion or not.


Transformation:
Is this a rigid motion? $\qquad$


Transformation:
Is this a rigid motion? $\qquad$


Transformation: $\qquad$
Is this a rigid motion?


Transformation:
Is this a rigid motion? $\qquad$


Draw an example of a rigid motion on the coordinate plane to the left.

Explain why your example is a rigid motion

Proving Congruence with Rigid Transformations


