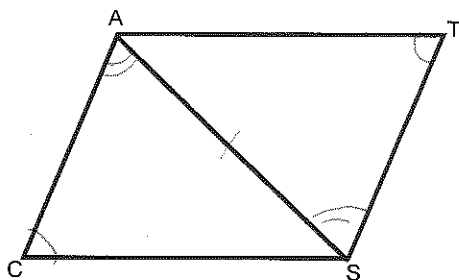


## Independent Practice

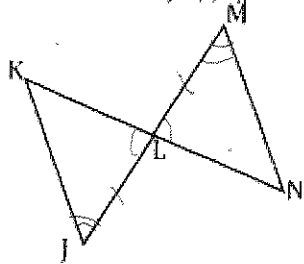
Given:  $\overline{CA} \parallel \overline{TS}$ ,  $\angle C = \angle T$

Prove:  $\triangle ACS \cong \triangle STA$



Statement	Reason
① $\angle C \cong \angle T$ , $\overline{CA} \parallel \overline{TS}$	① given
② $\angle CAS \cong \angle TSA$	② Alt. int. $\angle$ 's are $\cong$
③ $\overline{AS} \cong \overline{AS}$	③ Reflexive Property
④ $\triangle ACS \cong \triangle STA$	④ AAS $\cong$

Given:  $\overline{KN}$  bisects  $\overline{JM}$ ,  $\overline{JK} \parallel \overline{MN}$

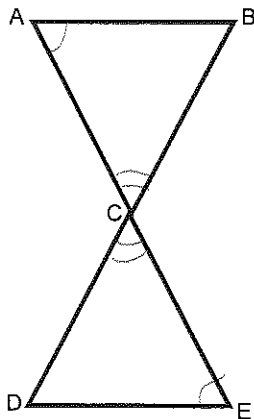


Prove:  $\triangle JKL \cong \triangle MNL$

Statement	Reason
① $\overline{KN}$ bisects $\overline{JM}$	① given
② $\overline{JK} \parallel \overline{MN}$	② given
③ $\angle J \cong \angle M$	③ Alt. Int. $\angle$ 's $\cong$ when lines $\parallel$
④ $\triangle JKL \cong \triangle MNL$	④ ASA $\cong$

Given:  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DE}$

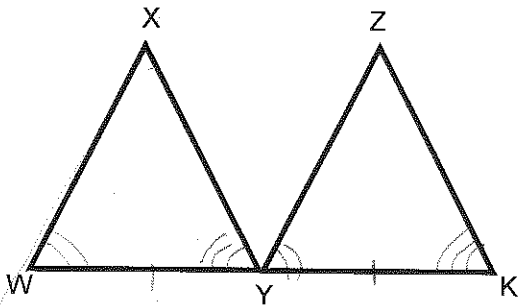
Prove:  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$



Statement	Reason
① $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DE}$	① given
② $\angle A \cong \angle E$	② Alt. Int. $\angle$ 's are $\cong$
③ $\angle ACB \cong \angle ECD$	③ Vertical $\angle$ 's are $\cong$
④ $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$	④ AA $\sim$

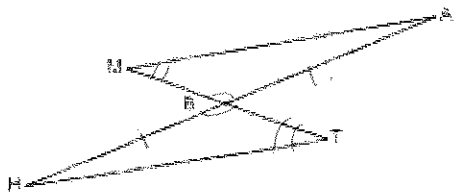
Given:  $\overline{WX} \parallel \overline{ZY}$ ,  $\angle WYX \cong \angle ZYK$ , and Y is the midpoint of  $\overline{WK}$

Prove:  $\angle WXY \cong \angle ZYK$



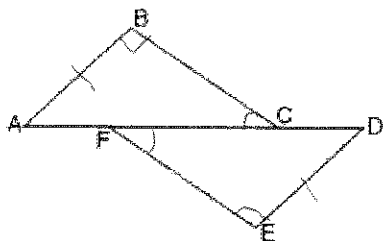
Statement	Reason
① $\overline{WX} \parallel \overline{ZY}$	① Given
② $\angle WYX \cong \angle ZYK$	② Given
③ Y is midpoint	③ Given
④ $WY \cong YK$	④ def. of midpoint
⑤ $\angle XWY \cong \angle YZK$	⑤ corr. $\angle$ 's are $\cong$
⑥ $\triangle WXY \cong \triangle ZYK$	⑥ ASA $\cong$
⑦ $\angle WXY \cong \angle ZYK$	⑦ CPCTC

Given:  $\overline{MT}$  and  $\overline{HA}$  intersect at B,  $\overline{MA} \parallel \overline{HT}$ , and  $\overline{MT}$  bisects  $\overline{HA}$ .



Prove:  $\overline{MA} \cong \overline{HT}$

Statement	Reason
① $\overline{MA} \parallel \overline{HT}$	① Given
② $\overline{MT}$ bisects $\overline{HA}$	② Given
③ $\angle MBT \cong \angle HBT$	③ vert. $\angle$ 's $\cong$
④ $HB \cong BA$	④ segment bisector divides a line in 2 $\cong$ parts
⑤ $\angle M \cong \angle T$	⑤ Alt. int. $\angle$ 's $\cong$ when lines $\parallel$
⑥ $\triangle MBA \cong \triangle HBT$	⑥ AAS $\cong$
⑦ $\overline{MA} \cong \overline{HT}$	⑦ CPCTC



Given:  $\overline{AFCD}$ ,  $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{EF}$ ,  $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{FE}$ ,

$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$

Prove:  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{FD}$

Statements	Reasons
1 $\overline{AFCD}$	1 Given
2 $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{BC}$ , $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{EF}$	2 Given
3 $\angle B$ and $\angle E$ are right angles.	3 def. of $\perp$ lines
4 $\angle B \cong \angle E$	4 All right angles are congruent.
5 $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{FE}$	5 Given
6 $\angle BCA \cong \angle FED$	6 Alt. int. $\angle$ 's are $\cong$
7 $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$	7 Given
8 $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$	8 AAS
9 $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{FD}$	9 CPCTC