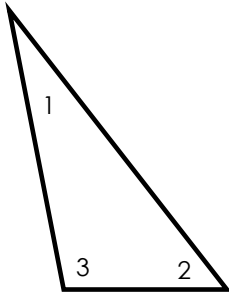


# 3.1 Interior Angles of Triangles

Objective: Triangles. What are they? Whoa. That's deep.

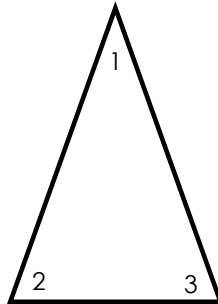
There are 3 different types of triangles

Scalene



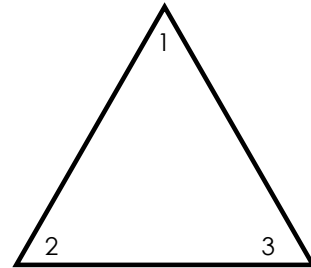
\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ angles

Isosclese



\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ angles

Equilateral



\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ angles

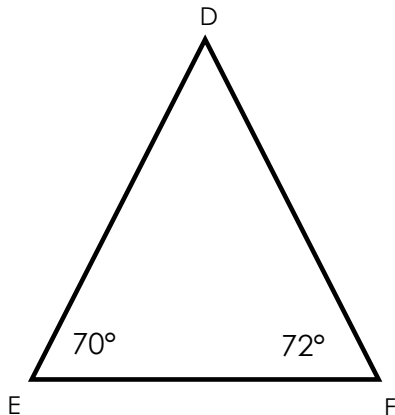
## Interior Angles of a Triangle

The \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ angles in a triangle **always** add up to \_\_\_\_\_

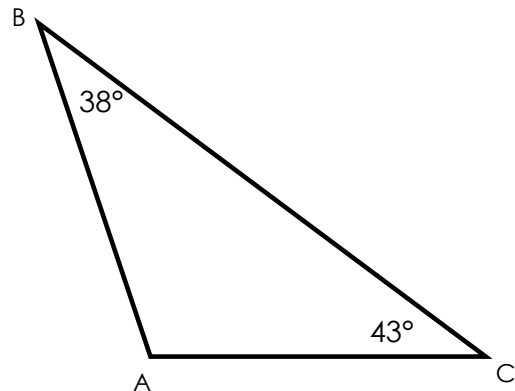
Fun Fact!

$$\angle \_\_\_\_ + \angle \_\_\_\_ + \angle \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_$$

Find the missing angles in each **scalene** triangle  
(Hint: Just subtract the two given angles from  $180^\circ$ )



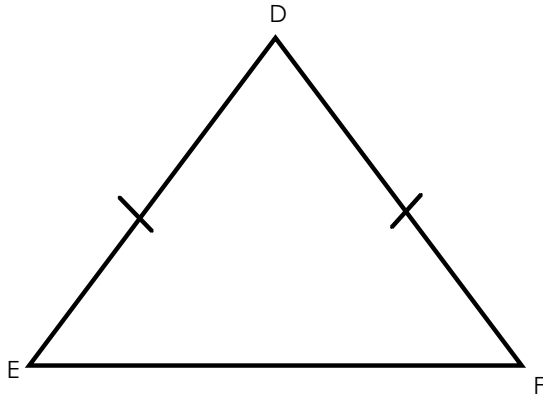
$$m\angle D = \_\_\_\_$$



$$m\angle A = \_\_\_\_$$

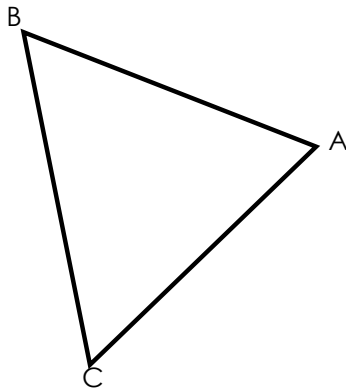
# ISOSCELES TRIANGLE THEOREM

If two sides are \_\_\_\_\_ in a triangles, then there must be two \_\_\_\_\_ angles

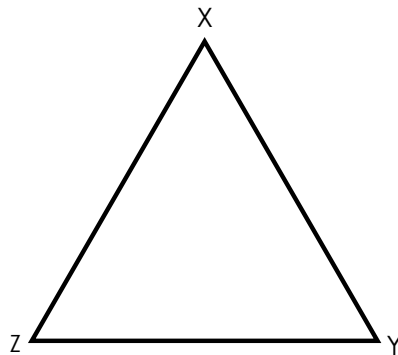


If  $\overline{ED} \cong \overline{DF}$   
 then we know  
 \_\_\_\_\_  $\cong$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 Congruent \_\_\_\_\_ are  
 opposite congruent \_\_\_\_\_

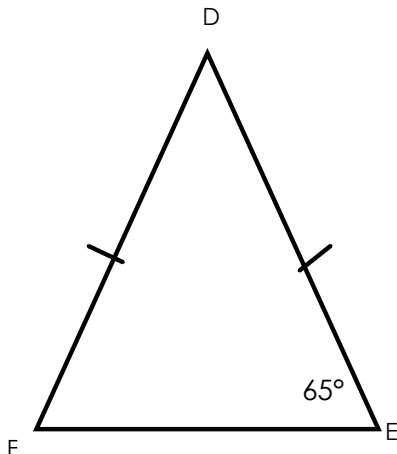
In triangle ABC,  $AB \cong AC$ . Which angles are congruent in the triangle?



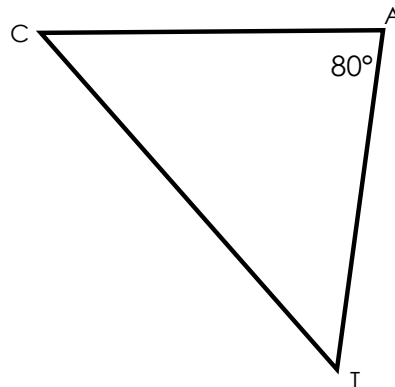

In triangle XYZ,  $XY \cong ZY$ . Which angles are congruent in the triangle?




Find the missing angles in triangle DEF



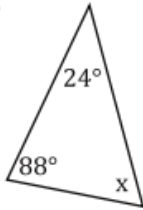
In the figure below  $\overline{CA} \cong \overline{AT}$   
 Find the missing angles



# Independent Practice

For each, find the measure of the missing angle.

1.



*Triangle Sum Theorem*

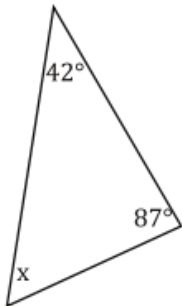
$$24^\circ + 88^\circ + x = 180^\circ$$

$$112^\circ + x = 180^\circ$$

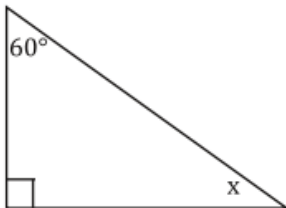
$$-112^\circ \quad -112^\circ$$

$$x = 68^\circ$$

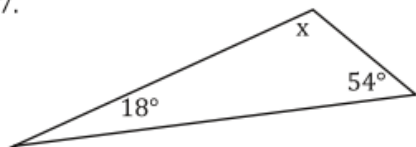
3.



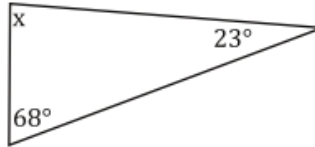
5.



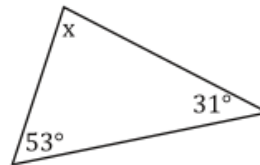
7.



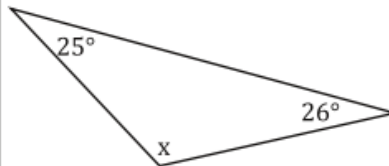
2.



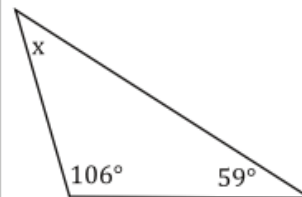
4.



6.



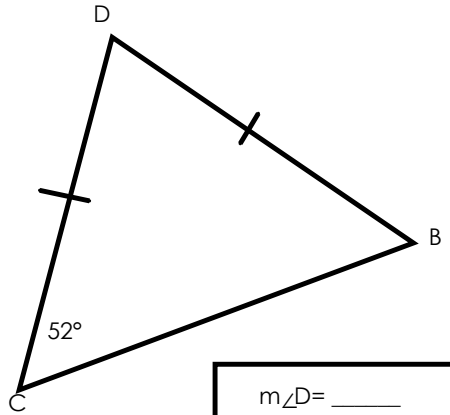
8.



In triangle STU,  $\overline{SU} \cong \overline{TU}$ . Which angles are congruent in the triangle?  
(Draw triangle below)

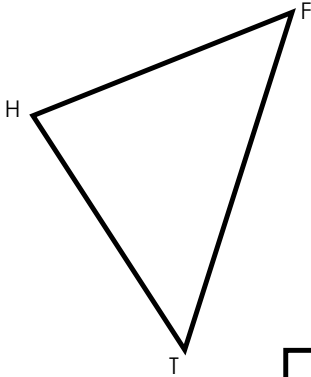
$\cong$

Find the measure of angle  $m\angle D$



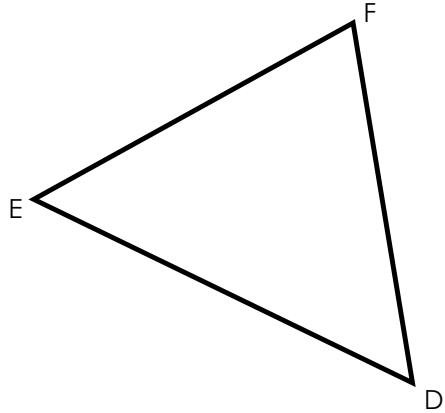
$m\angle D =$

In the figure below  $\overline{HF} \cong \overline{HT}$  and  $m\angle H = 62^\circ$   
Find the  $m\angle F$  and  $m\angle T$



$m\angle F =$    
 $m\angle T =$

In triangle DEF,  $\overline{ED} \cong \overline{EF}$  and  $m\angle E = 55^\circ$ .  
Find the  $m\angle F$

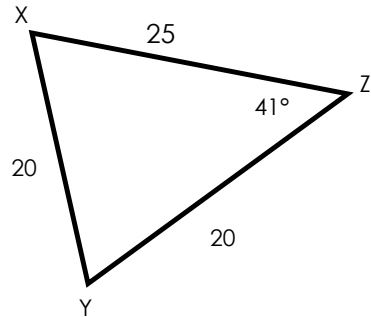


$m\angle F =$

In triangle MOP,  $\overline{OP} \cong \overline{PM}$  and the measure of  $m\angle P = 62^\circ$ . Find the  $m\angle M$ .

$m\angle M =$

Find the  $m\angle Y$



$m\angle Y =$