### 5.6 Equations of Circles

Objective: Students will be able to write the equation of a circle given the radius and center

## Circles in the Coordinate Plane

There are three ways we are going to talk about circles today

Graph


Center Point and Radius


Equation
$(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
$(x-\ldots)^{2}+(y-$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Find the equation of circle $A$


Center Point and Radius


Equation

$$
\begin{aligned}
(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2} & =r^{2} \\
(x-\ldots)^{2}+(y-\ldots)^{2} & =(\ldots)^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$



Find the center and radius of the circle with the equation given below and then graph.

Center:( , ) Radius:

## Equation

$$
x^{2}+(y+2)^{2}=36
$$

Independent Practice


| What is an equation of the circle with a radius of 5 and center at $(1,-4)$ ? <br> 1) $(x+1)^{2}+(y-4)^{2}=5$ <br> 2) $(x-1)^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=5$ <br> 3) $(x+1)^{2}+(y-4)^{2}=25$ <br> 4) $(x-1)^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=25$ | What is an equation of a circle with center $(7,-3)$ and radius 4 ? <br> 1) $(x-7)^{2}+(y+3)^{2}=4$ <br> 2) $(x+7)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=4$ <br> 3) $(x-7)^{2}+(y+3)^{2}=16$ <br> 4) $(x+7)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=16$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Write the equation of circle with a radius of 9 and a center located at (3,1) | State the radius and center of the circle with the equation $(x-8)^{2}+(y+3)^{2}=144$ |
| Write an equation of the circle graphed in the diagram below. | Write an equation for circle $O$ shown on the graph below. |

