Independent Practice

Determine whether the two lines below are parallel, perpendicular, or skew. Justify your reasoning

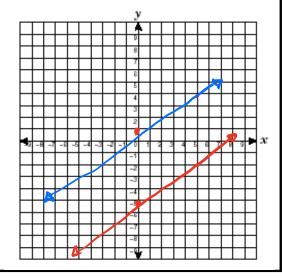
$$y = \frac{4}{5}x - 5$$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}x - 5$$
 $m_1 = \frac{4}{5}$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}x + 1$$
 $m_2 = \frac{4}{5}$

$$m_2 = \frac{4}{5}$$

Conclusion



Determine whether the two lines below are parallel, perpendicular, or skew. Justify your reasoning

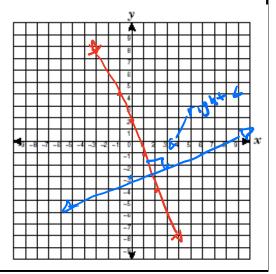
$$y = -3x + 2$$
 $m_1 = \frac{-3}{4}$

$$m_1 = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - 3$$
 $m_2 = \frac{1}{3}$

$$m_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

Conclusion



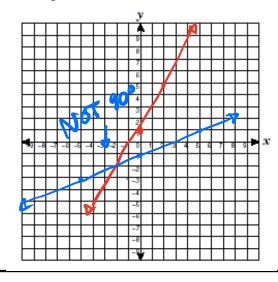
Determine whether the two lines below are parallel, perpendicular, or skew. Graph each line and justify your reasoning

$$y = \frac{5}{2}x + 1$$

$$m_1 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x - 1$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x - 1$$
 $m_2 = \frac{2}{5}$



See if you can answer all of the following questions correctly. Check answers online!

What is the slope of a line perpendicular to the line whose equation is y = 3x + 4?

What is the slope of a line perpendicular to the line whose equation is $y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 5$?

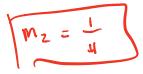
The graphs of the lines represented by the equations

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 7$$
 and $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$ are

- 1) parallel
- horizontal
- perpendicular
 - intersecting, but not perpendicular

Points A(-5,3) and B(7,6) lie on AB. Points C(5,4) and D(9,5) lie on CD. Determine if AB and CD are parallel, perpendicular, or skew.





Skew

Determine whether the two lines represented by the equations y = 2x + 3 and 2y + x = 6 are parallel, perpendicular, or neither. Justify your response.

Perpendicular

Two lines are represented by the equations x + 2y = 4 and 4y - 2x = 12. Determine whether these lines are parallel, perpendicular, or neither. Justify your answer.

Show all work below!

Neither

The equations of lines k, m, and n are given below.

$$k: 3y + 6 = 2x$$

$$m: 3y + 2x + 6 = 0$$

$$n: 2y = 3x + 6$$

Which statement is true?

- 1) k | m
- $n \parallel m$
- $m \perp k$



 $m \perp n$