### 8.5 Partitioning Line Segments

Objective: Students will be able to apply the pythagorean theorem and the distance formula.

## How To Partition a Line Segment

The endpoints of line $\overline{A B C}$ are $A(-2,-7)$ and $C(-2,8)$. Determine the coordinates of point $B$, if $A B: B C=2: 3$.


The endpoints of line $\overline{X Y}$ are $X(-4,5)$ and $Y(8,-5)$. Determine the coordinates of point $Z$, if $X Z: Z Y=1: 3$.


The endpoints of line $\overline{D E F}$ are $D(-10,-3)$ and $F(5,7)$. Determine and the the coordinates of point $E$, if $D E: E F=3: 2$.


The endpoints of line $\overline{X Y Z}$ are $X(-1,-3)$ and $Z(5,9)$. Determine and the the coordinates of point $Y$, if $X Y: Y Z=2: 1$.


The endpoints of line $M O$ are $M(-4,9)$ and $Z(2,-7)$. Determine and the the coordinates of point $Y$, if $X Y: Y Z=1: 3$.


